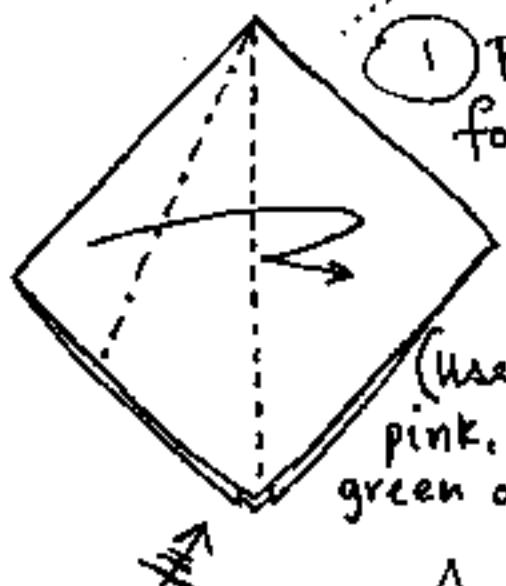


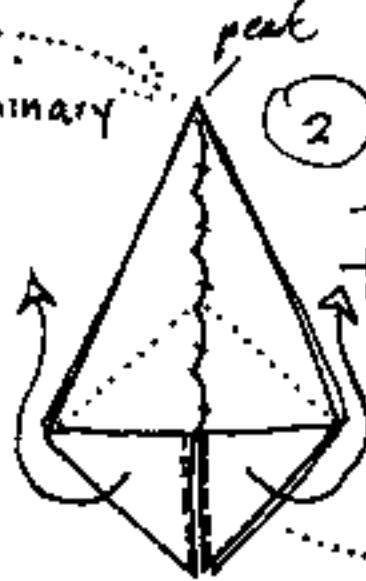
LADY'S-SLIPPER ORCHID

3
30
98 A
B

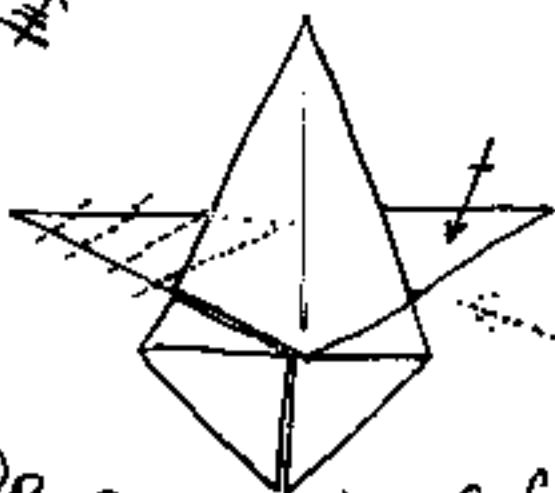


- From the preliminary fold, form a "pre-frog" base.

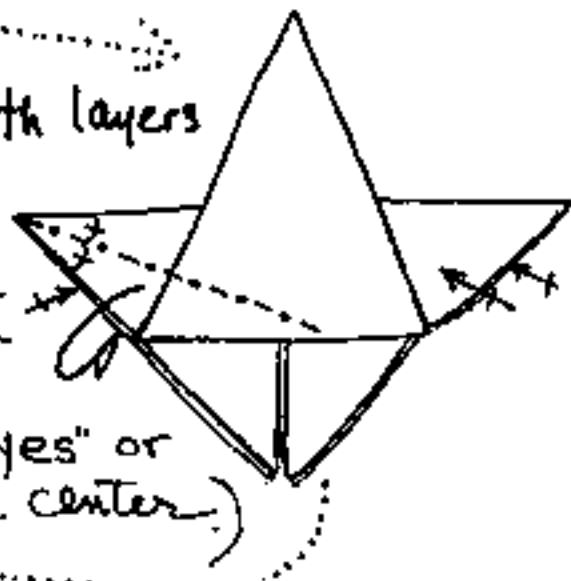
(Use 6" paper, in pink, yellow, pale green or white.)



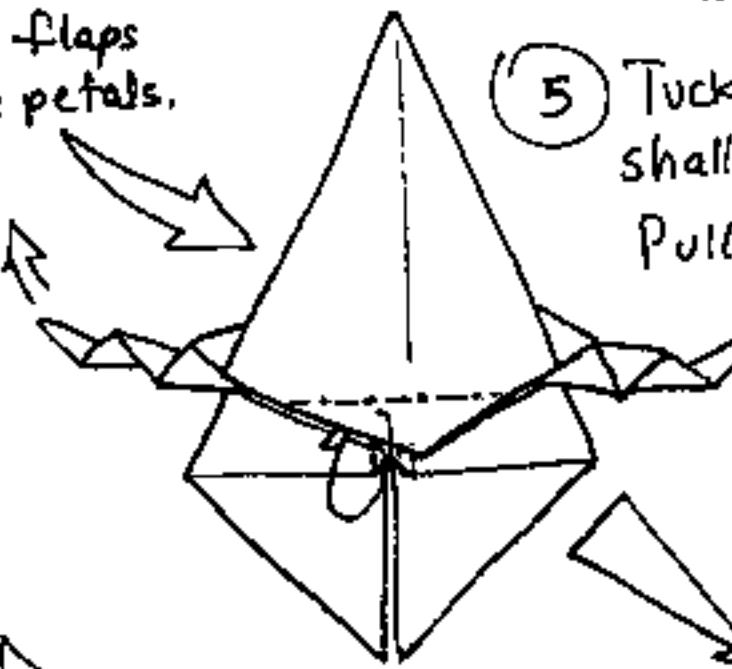
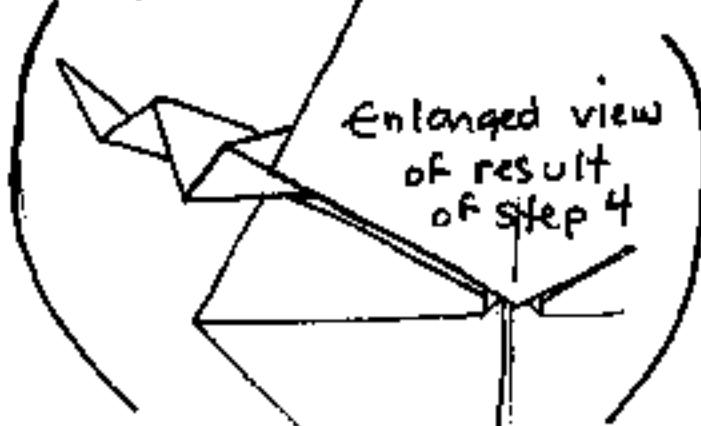
- Inside-reverse the two near flaps so their spines are horizontal (about $\frac{2}{5}$ of the way to the peak.)



- Narrow both layers of each upper flap. Hind layers will create squashes at the middle ("eyes" or "shield" at the center.)

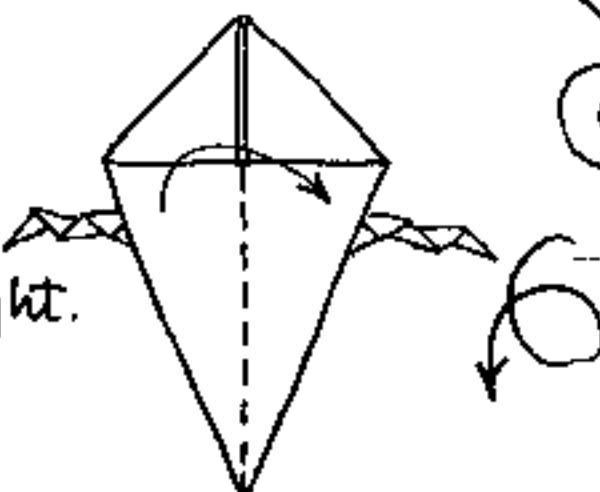


- Perform a series of four inside reverses on these flaps to form cork-screwy side petals.

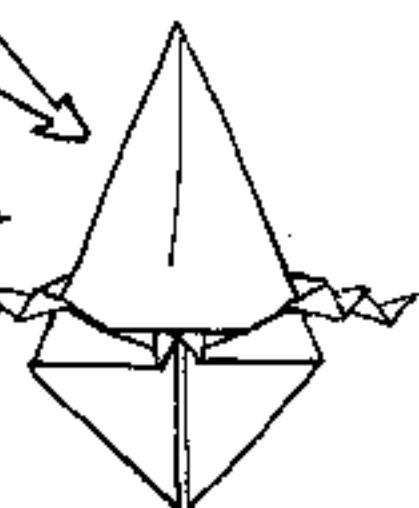


- Tuck under the shallow near flap. Pull on side petals slightly to loosen them a bit.

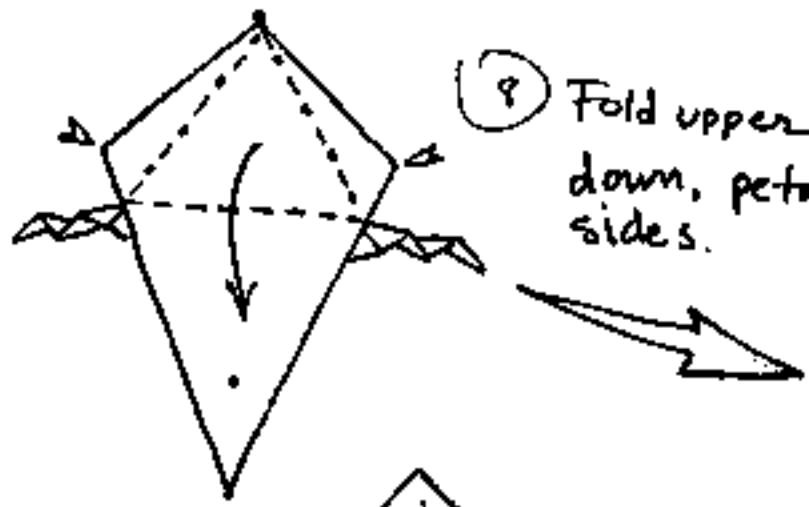
- Fold near-left flap over to the right.



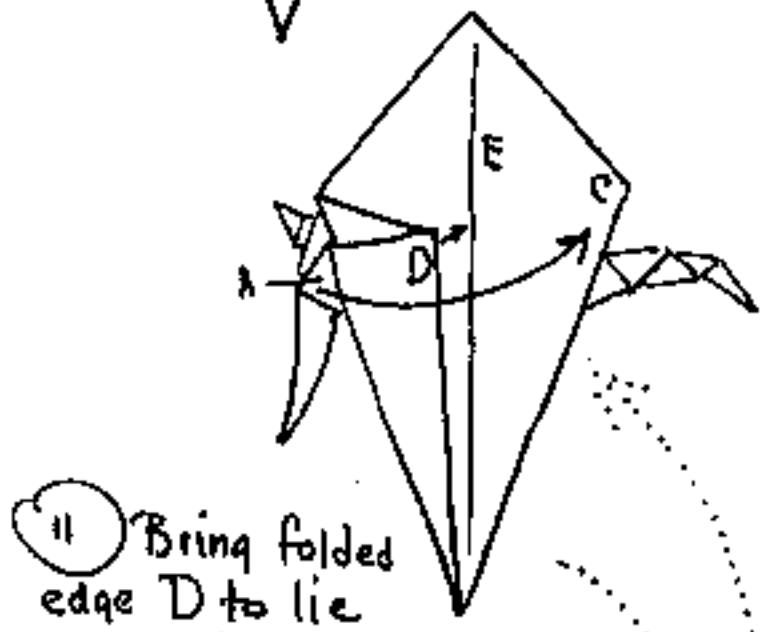
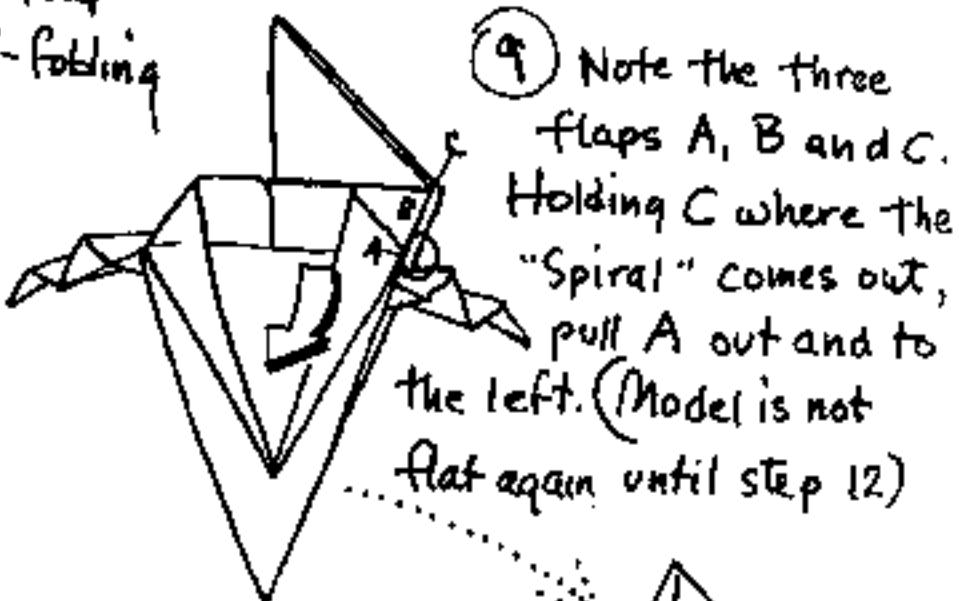
- Turn over top to bottom.



Lady's-Slipper p2

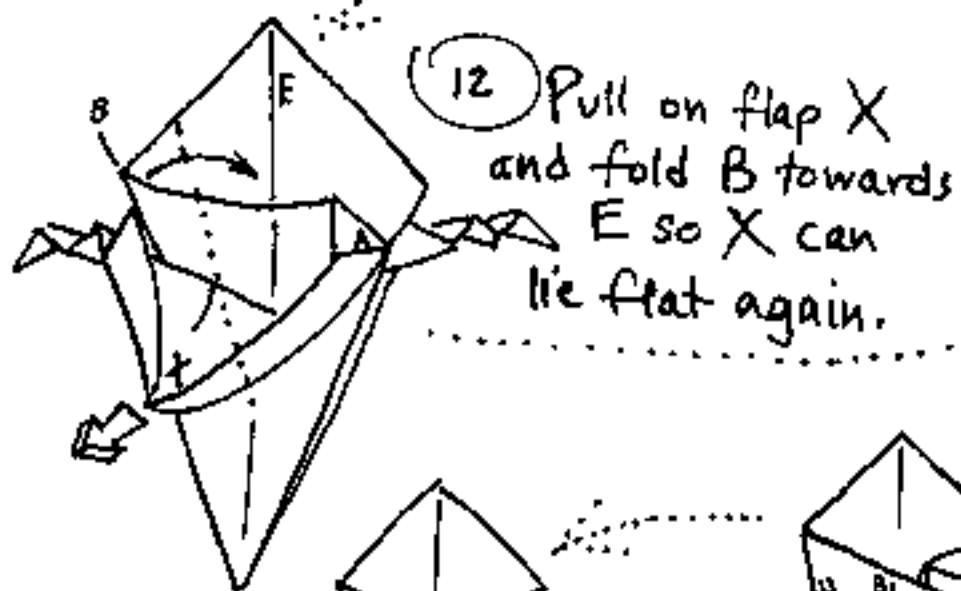
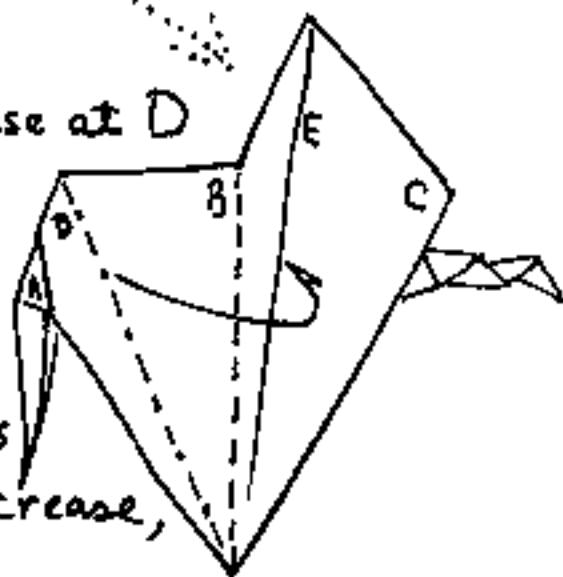


9 Fold upper flap down, petal-folding sides.

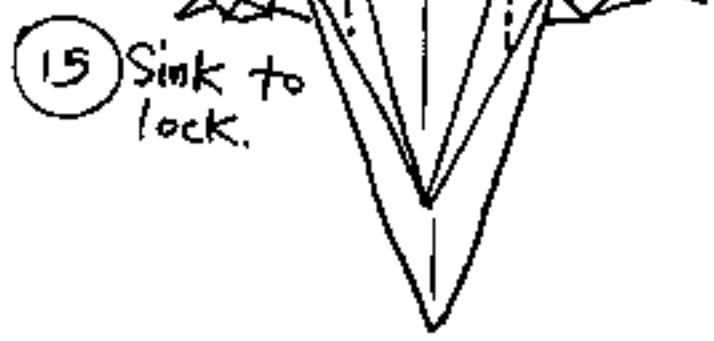
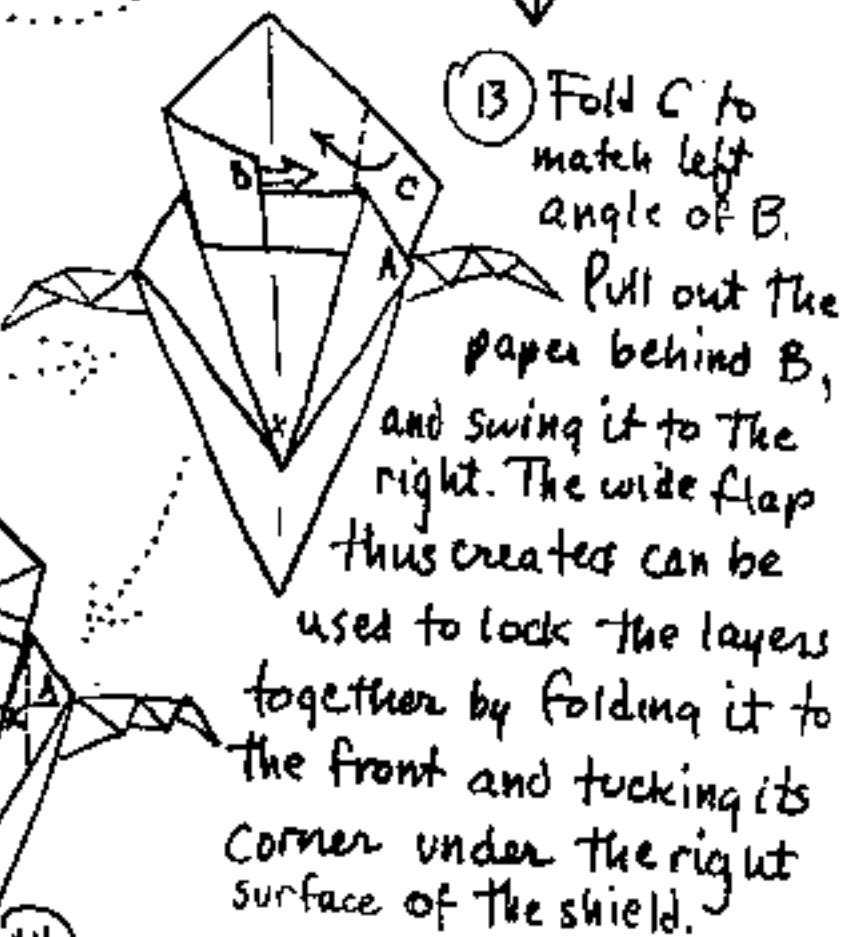


11 Bring folded edge D to lie snugly in valley crease E and A to rest on C.

10 Change the crease at D from a valley to a mountain, and the crease at B from a mountain to a valley. This wraps D towards the tallest vertical crease, E.



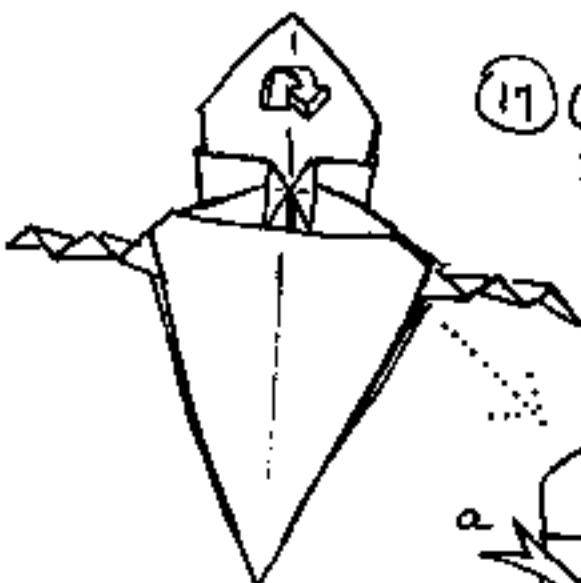
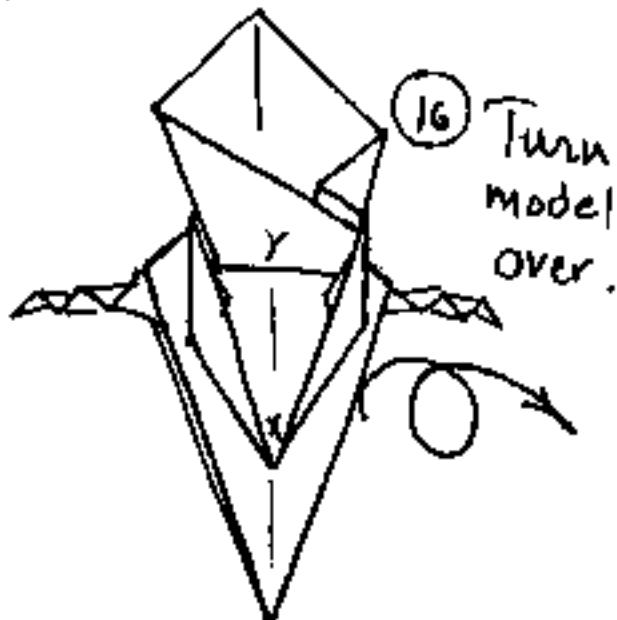
12 Pull on flap X and fold B towards E so X can lie flat again.



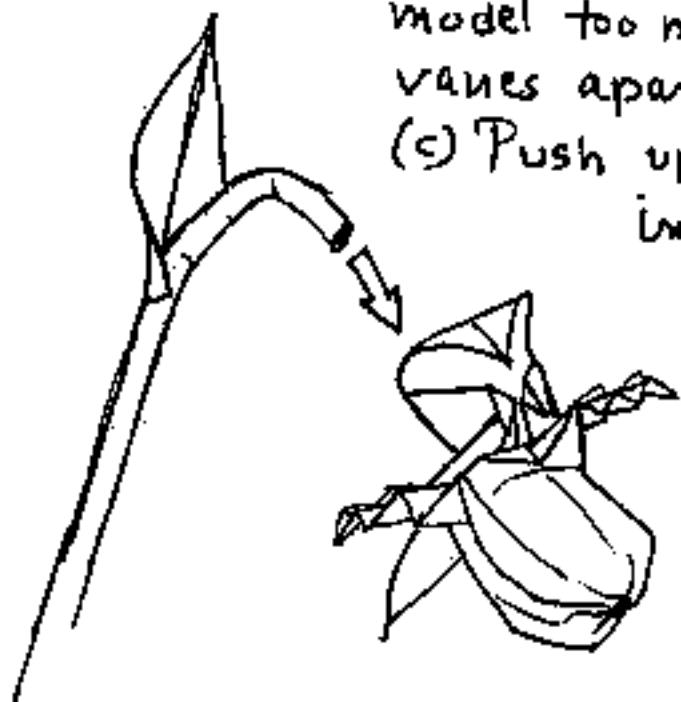
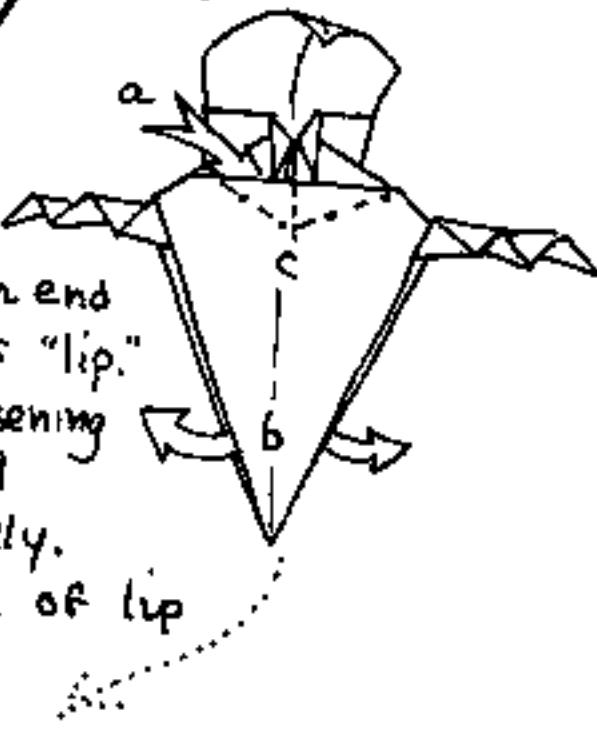
15 Sink to lock.

14 Fold G as far as it will go without pulling in folded edge H. Unfold. Repeat with A.

Lady's-Slipper, p.3



- 18 (a) Reach into model with finger or eraser end of a pencil. Round out "lip" of orchid without loosening model too much
 (b) Pull vanes apart carefully.
 (c) Push upper edge of lip into model



- 19 Fold* a thin, green stem from construction paper or origami paper (see: Tall, narrow stem.) Curve one end and insert into back of lady's-slipper orchid at Y of step 16.
 Add leaves + floral bract.

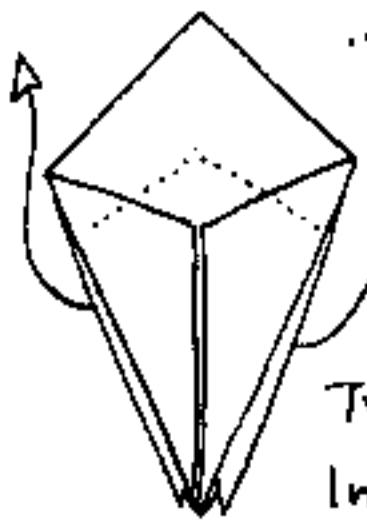
*(or roll)

Note #1 : The lateral twisty petals and the lower sepal (formerly X) can be color-changed - very nice in duo-color paper.

Note #2 : inner surface of upper sepal and "eyes" (organs) are white, or a different color if using duo-color paper.

ORCHID BUDS (for Reim Orchid)

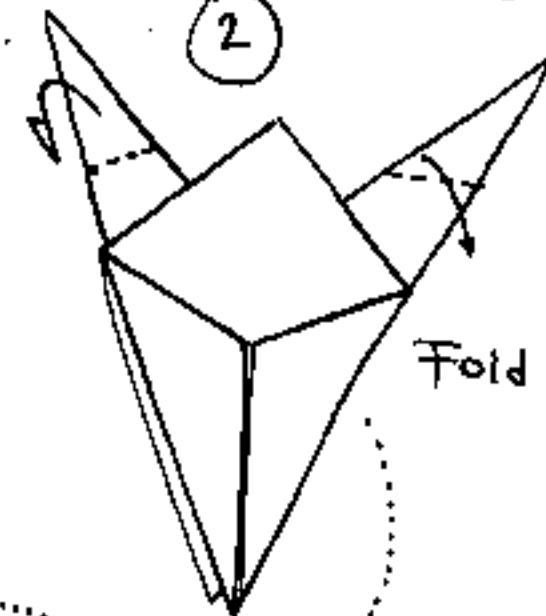
A
F
7
2
B
98



1 Square of duo-color paper, light or yellow-green with dark green.

Fold a two-color bird base, steps 1-8 of the Two-Color Crane.

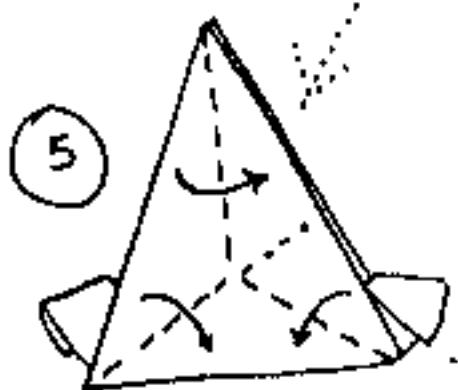
Inside-reverse-fold the two (in)side flaps up.



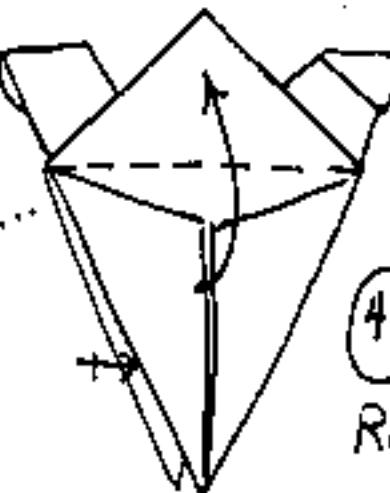
Fold down.

Proportions:

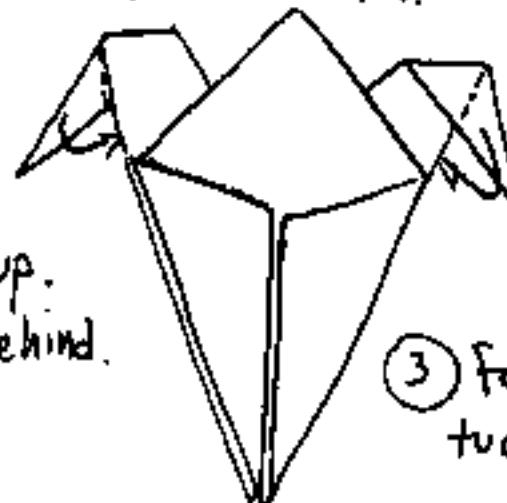
- 1 Buds: 3" paper
- 5 Flower: 3" paper
- 1 Stem: $2\frac{1}{2} \times 10$ " paper
- 5 Leaves: 6" paper



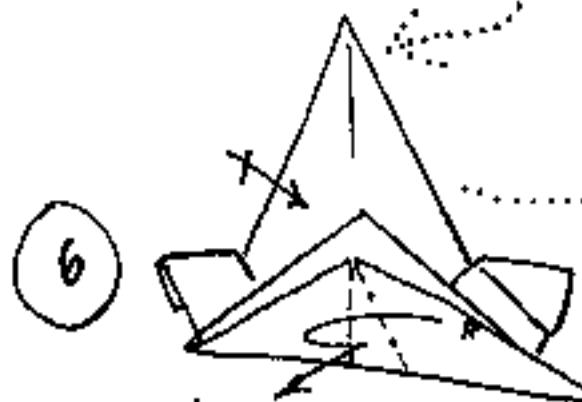
Standard rabbit ear.



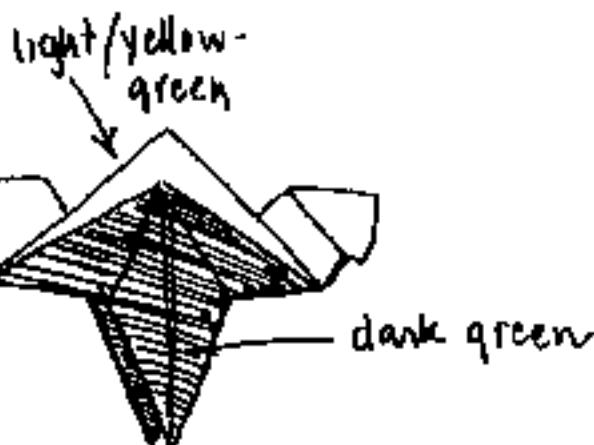
4 Fold up.
Repeat behind.



3 Fold +
tuck in.



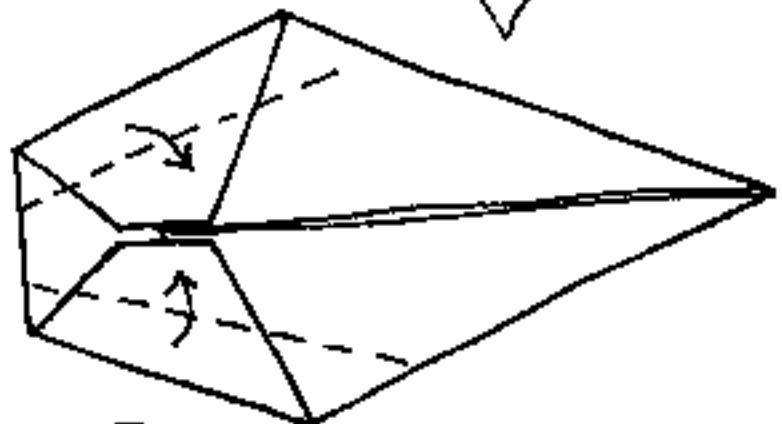
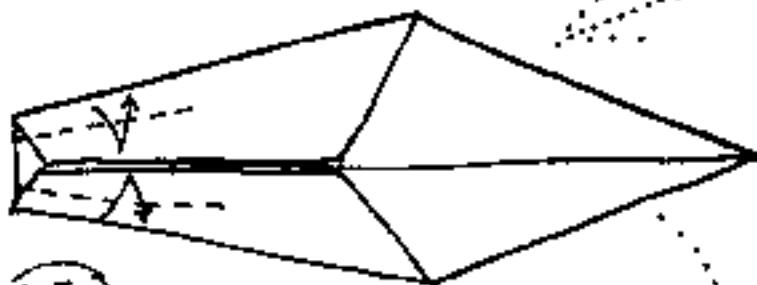
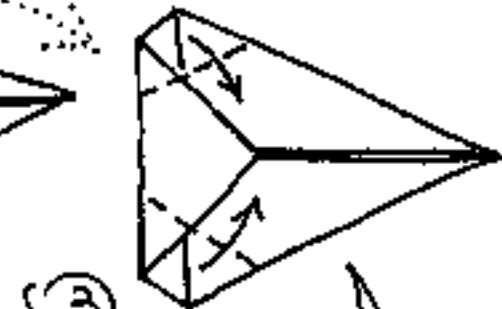
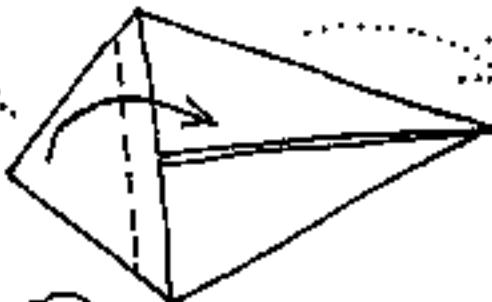
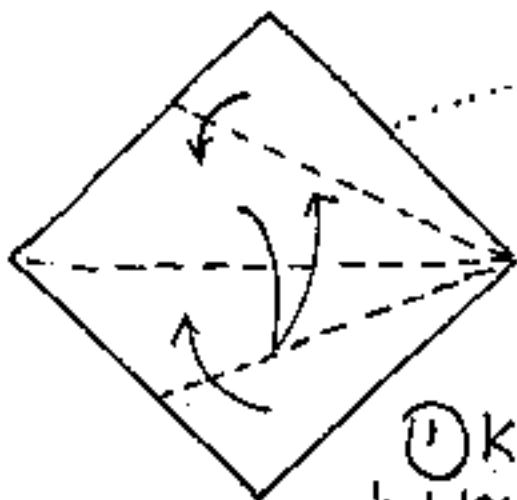
Lift + squash.
Repeat 5+6 behind.



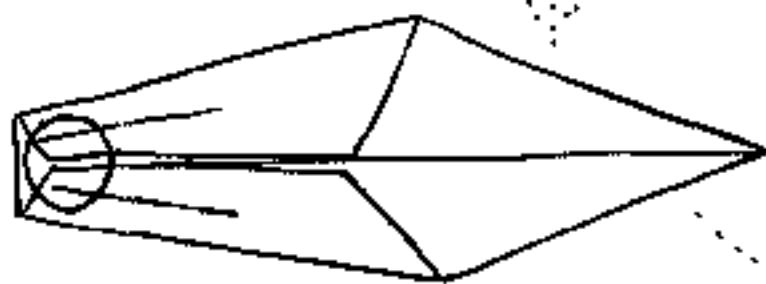
7 Put on top
of stem, with 5 wild
orchids from 3" duo-color paper
glued to the stem in a spiral
row. Add leaves.

floral BRACT for Lady's-Slipper Orchid

3
30
98
A
F
B



- ⑤ Pre-crease only about half the length.



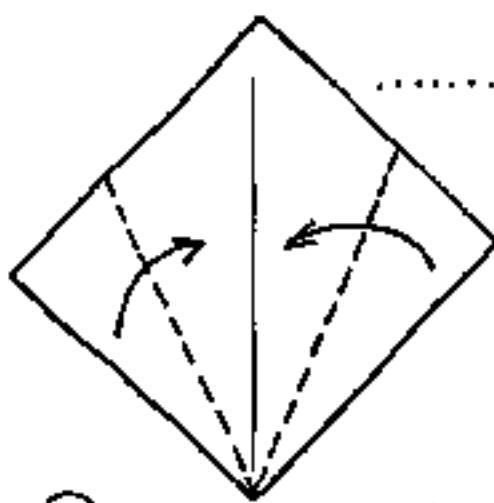
- ⑥ Put a dab of glue at the circle. Stick bract to stem just beyond flower attachment, wrapping sides around stem.



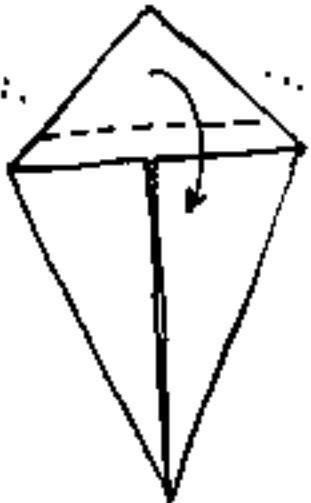
LEAVES for orchid

A
3
30
98

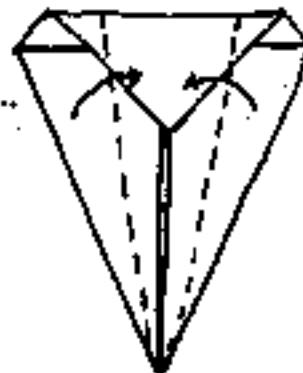
Two 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ "-10 squares of green paper, white side up.
Fold outer leaf first:



① Pre-crease diagonal,
and Kite-fold, but
leave a gap down the middle,
for ease.

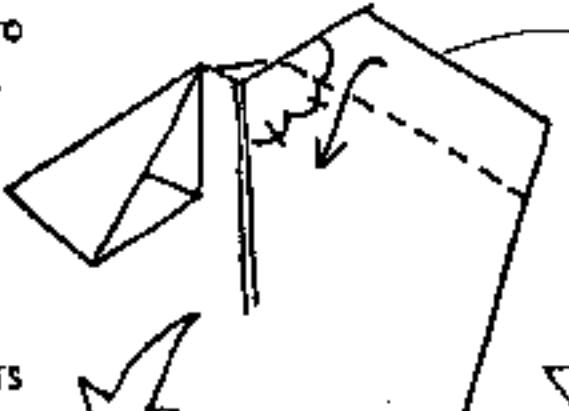


② Fold
upper corner
down.



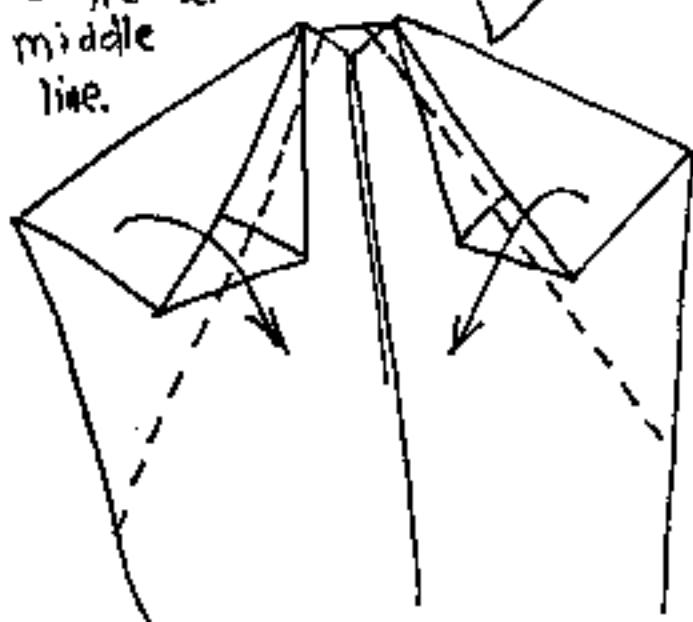
③ Fold sides towards
center so folded outer
edges lie on raw edges
near middle crease.
(This fold pushes raw
edges closer to middle)

⑤ Fold to
match.

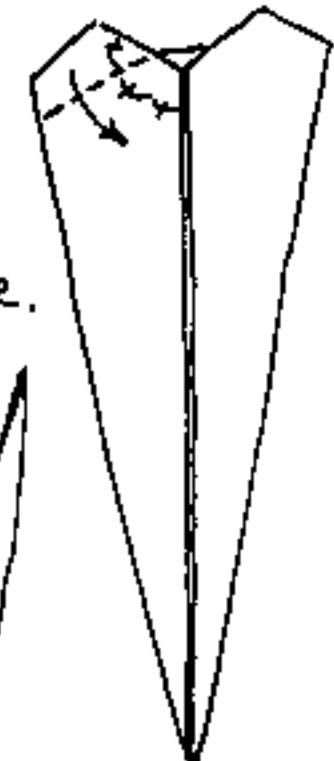


④ Fold about
 $\frac{1}{3}$ towards
middle line -
apex of fold is
not at middle.

⑥ Fold so corners
lie at
middle
line.



⑦ Fold a second
square the same
as the first, except
that the space
between the apex of
folds 4 and 5 and the
middle line should be
smaller.

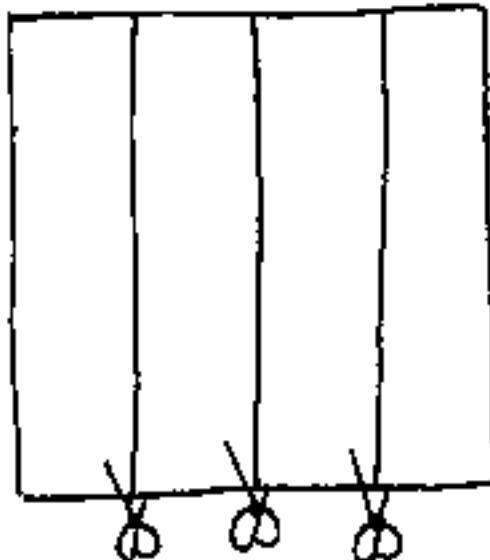


⑧ Wrap the
first leaf
around the
second around
the stem.

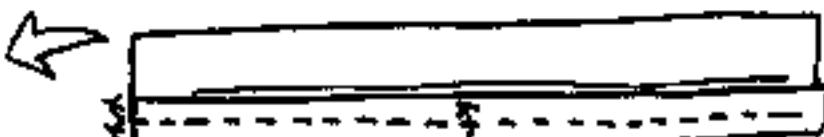
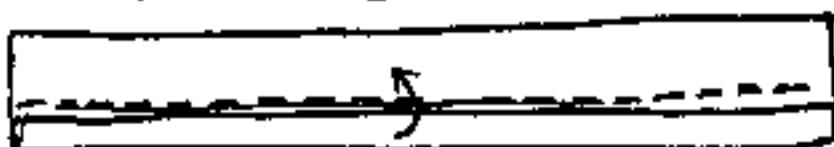
Tall, narrow STEM

3
30
96
A
F
B

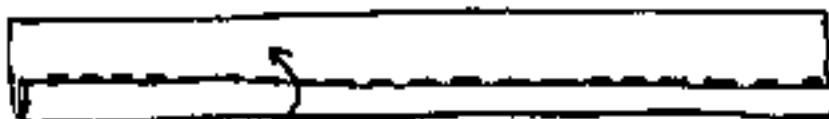
- ① Cut a 10-inch square of green KAMI into quarters—i.e., strips. Each strip forms one stem.



- ② White side up; pre-crease the strip in half the long way.
- ③ Fold lower edge towards, but not all the way to, the crease, (i.e., leave a gap between the raw edge and the crease.)



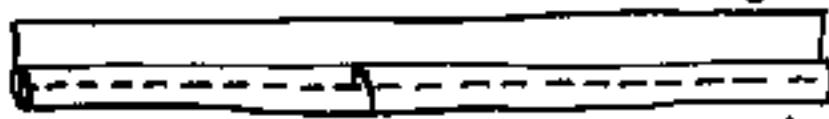
- ⑤ Fold the thick layers up, along the horizon line



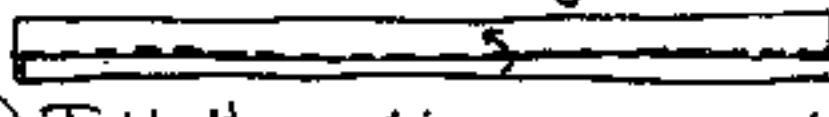
- ④ Bring lower folded edge up to meet raw edge exactly.



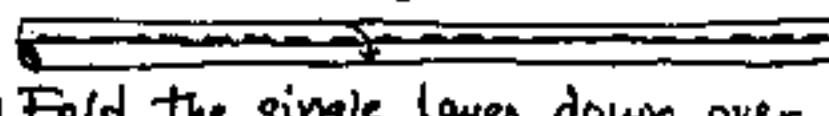
- ⑥ Fold the thicknesses up again, snugly along their upper edge.



- ⑦ Fold the thicknesses themselves in half. Crease firmly.



- ⑧ Fold these thicker, narrower layers up, snugly along their upper edge.



- ⑨ Fold the single layer down over the thick part. Their edges should meet closely.

- ⑩ To secure the folds and curve the stem, gently run it along the edge of the table. No glue necessary.